

HEALTHCARE AND ACCIDENT AT WORK INDICATORS

2025

In 2025, the use of primary healthcare services increased, while public hospital services recorded a higher number of inpatient admissions and surgical interventions compared to the previous year.

Primary health care

- During 2025, approximately 9,2 million visits to primary healthcare were recorded 2.9% more than in 2024.
- Out of total visits:
 - 42.2 % were performed in health centers;
 - 34.1 % in polyclinics;
 - 23.7 % in ambulances.
- 34.0 % of visits to health centers and ambulances are performed by persons over 60 years of age.

Women's Consultant

- A total of 181,908 visits were registered in women's consultation services, marking a decrease of 1.6 %, compared to 2024.
- In women's consultant, 75.2 % of the visits were obstetric and 24.8 % of the visits were gynecological.
- Out of all obstetrical visits, 50.4 % were performed with specialist doctor assistance.
- During 2025, 16.4 % of all obstetric visits were first-time visits, marking a decrease of 2.2 %, compared to the previous year.

Child Consultant

- Approximately 223 thousand children were registered at the child consultant service, and about 697,000 visits were conducted, an average of 3.1 visits per child. The number of visits decreased by 4.7 % compared to 2024.
- Vaccination coverage for children within their first year of life remained high, ranging from 96.0% to 99.0 %, depending on the vaccines in the national schedule.

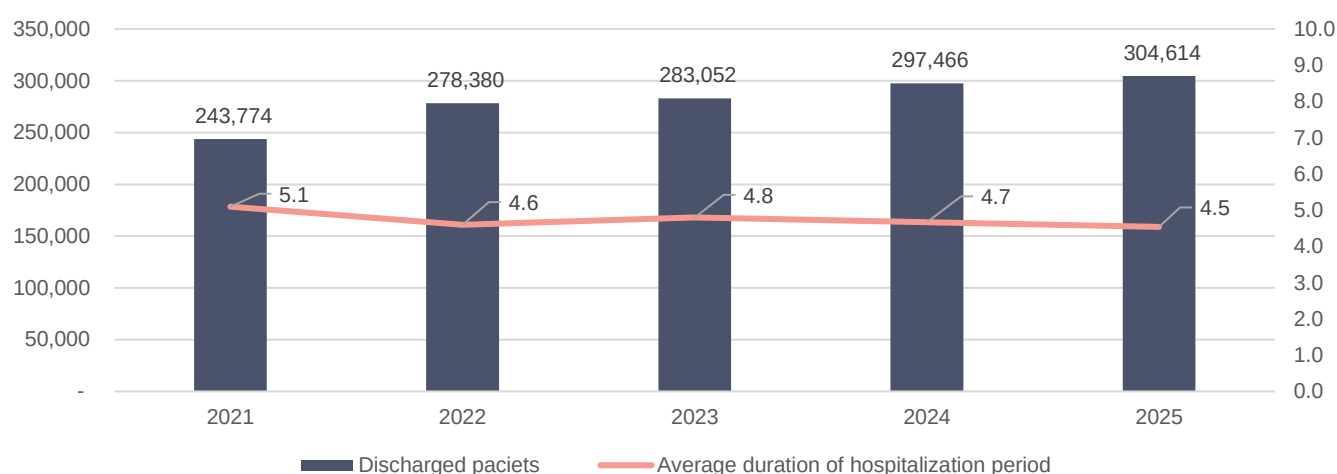
Secondary Hospital service

- In 2025, in Albania are operating 75 hospitals:
 - 43 public;
 - 32 private.
- Public hospital service institutions had a total of 9,065 beds available, of which 7,865 beds¹ are used for the calculation of hospital activity, such as:

¹ The number of beds includes beds used for inpatient stays, as well as beds for hemodialysis and palliative care services.

- Bed occupancy was evaluated at 176 days, or 48.2 % of calendar days;
- The average length of stay was 4.5 days per year and an annual bed turnover of 38.7 times.
- In inpatient care institutions, as well as in palliative care and hemodialysis services, the number of hospitalized patients reached 306,736 in 2025, representing an increase of 2.5 % compared with 2024.
- A total of 66.858 surgical interventions were registered, with an increase of 2.4 %, compared to 2024.

FIG. 1 PATIENTS DISCHARGED AND AVERAGE DAYS OF STAY IN PUBLIC HOSPITAL SERVICE INSTITUTIONS



Source: Ministry of Health and Social Protection

Accidents at work

In 2025 were registered:

- 275 inspections for accidents at work, 22.8 % more compared to the previous year
- 212 employees injured at work, 19.8 % more compared to the year 2024;
- 48 employees lost their lives as a result of accidents at work, 15 more than in the previous year.

Note to users:

- Detailed monthly and annual data by groups are available in INSTAT's statistical database: [Health](#)
- In accordance with the Error Treatment Policy, INSTAT promptly corrects any errors identified in published official statistics. Users are informed immediately and transparently of the corrections and resulting changes, in line with the principles of impartiality, transparency and quality of official statistics. The full Error Treatment Policy is available at: https://www.instat.gov.al/media/2939/the_errors_treatment_policy.pdf

Methodology

The publication "Public Health Indicators" contains administrative data on primary healthcare services and secondary hospital services; it is issued annually and sourced from the Ministry of Health and Social Welfare. This publication also includes indicators related to accidents at work based on inspections conducted by the State Inspectorate of Labor and Social Services.

Public primary care data covers the activities of outpatient clinics, health centers, and polyclinics, as well as services provided by women's and children's health clinics, which encompass preventive and basic care for the population. Public secondary hospital care data includes information on the number of admitted patients, bed occupancy, and surgical activity, reflecting the capacity and performance of the hospital system during the reference year. Data regarding vaccination services is sourced from the Institute of Public Health.

Data on public health statistics are preliminary and subject to revision after validation of statistics by Eurostat. For more refer to the statistical revision policy: [Statistical Revision Policy](#)

Definitions

Accident at work or due to work is any unexpected event that causes immediate bodily injury, which occurs during the performance of work or a service related to it, as well as any other damage to health, which does not result from general illness, but which leads to temporary or permanent disability at work or death.

Days in bed realized are multiplying the use of hospital beds per day with the number of beds in the hospital.

The hospital is an institutional residence equipped to provide 24-hour medical care, hospitality and rehabilitation to patients who may need medical or surgical assistance.

Hospital beds are beds for accommodating patients, who are formally admitted to an institution for treatment or care and who stay for a minimum of one night. These include: beds in all hospitals, including general hospitals, mental health and substance abuse hospitals, specialty hospitals, regardless of whether the bed is occupied or not.

Hospitalization is the ratio of the number of patients discharged from hospitals in a year to the population of that year.

Primary health care is provided to the population from its basic unit, which is known as the main health center, at the city level and administrative unit center, and from the ambulance or health point, as the first point of contact with the national health care system.

Primary health care centers are all healthcare institutions that provide healthcare for outpatient patients, which are equipped with at least one medical staff doctor or nurse (dental service is not included).

Turnover of a bed is the number of patients who are hospitalized per year.

Usage of hospital bed per day is the number of average days of the year during which a hospital bed is occupied with patients.