

Import Price Index

Metadata Referenciale në format Euro SDMX Metadata Structure
(ESMS)

Reference Metadata

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Contact | 2 |
| 2. Metadata update | 2 |
| 3. Statistical presentation | 2 |
| 4. Unit of measure | Error! Bookmark not defined. |
| 5. Reference period | Error! Bookmark not defined. |
| 6. Institutional mandate..... | 4 |
| 7. Confidentiality | 4 |
| 8. Release policy | 5 |
| 9. Frequency of dissemination | Error! Bookmark not defined. |
| 10. Accessibility and clarity..... | 5 |
| 11. Quality management | 6 |
| 12. Relevance..... | 7 |
| 13. Accuracy and reliability | 7 |
| 14. Timeliness and punctuality | 8 |
| 15. Coherence and comparability..... | 8 |
| 16. Cost and burden | 8 |
| 17. Data revision | 9 |
| 18. Statistical processing..... | 9 |
| 19. Comment..... | 10 |
| Annex..... | 10 |

| 1. Contact | |
|------------------------------------|---|
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| 1.8. Contact fax number | +(355) 4 228300 |
| 2. Metadata update | |
| 2.1. Metadata last certified | 05.03.2026 |
| 2.2. Metadata last posted | 05.03.2026 |
| 2.3. Metadata last update | 05.03.2026 |
| 3. Statistical presentation | |
| 3.1. Data description | Import Price Index (IPI) measures the performance of transaction prices of imported industrial products to be sold to the domestic market. All data under this heading are index data. Percentage changes are available (quarterly and annual). The index data are presented as quarterly and annual data. |
| 3.2. Classification system | The classification used for these statistics is the Statistical Classification of Economic Activities NACE Rev.2. Import Prices are collected and processed and are published on the basis of the Classification of Products by Activity (CPA 2008). Goods are classified into individual CPA activities from the field of products (classes, groups, divisions, subsections and sections). Products are classified by activity in which they are imported. Classification of products by activity in which they are imported allows accordance between classification CPA 2008 and NACE Rev.2. |

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| 3.3. Sector coverage | <p>Data collection is done according to Regulation 1165/98 which was adopted in 1998 and amended in 2005 by Regulation 1185/2005. The data are published at 2-digit level of the NACE classification an EU standard classification of economic activities.</p> <p>Classification of Product according to Economic Activity 2008:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Section B: 05- 09 Mining and quarrying; • Section C: 10-34 Manufacturing; • Section D: 35 Electricity, gas and steam supply; • Section E: 36-38 Water supply, sewerage and waste. |
| 3.4. Statistical concepts and definitons | <p>Import Price Index measure changes in the prices of imports. Import is every product that was not produced in Albania but imported from a third country or supplied from another. The relative price is the simplest index of the price change in percentage of a product in two given time periods, one of which constitutes the base period.</p> <p>Weights: The arithmetic weighing average of elementary indices of individual products will form the index. The index compares current year prices with the prices of December of the previous year (short-term - link) for the 6-digit level according to NACE Rev.2 is calculated by multiplying each item's weight at 6-digit level at the corresponding relative price and dividing their amount by the weight amount. The base period of the Index is the period for which the index is equal to 100. The price reference period is the period for which the price information for the calculation of the index is obtained. The weights reference period is the period to which the information on building the weights of the products is referred.</p> |
| 3.5. Statistical unit | <p>Statistical unit represent enterprises which supply or import products from foreign markets. The survey covers all industrial enterprises that also carry out trade activity. One of the conditions that must be fulfilled in order for an enterprise to be included in the survey is that it supplies the products on the Albanian market.</p> |
| 3.6. Statistical population | <p>The statistical populations for Import Price Index are all active enterprises that according to Statistical Business Register are operating in the sections: B, C, D, E. according to NACE Rev.2.</p> |
| 3.7. Reference area | <p>The Import Price Index data covers all territory of Albania.</p> |
| 3.8. Time coverage | <p>Time series from 2012 onward by NACE Rev2.</p> |
| 3.9. Base period | <p>The base year is: 2021 = 100 and the base year to Eurostat is 2021=100.</p> |
| <p>4. Unit of measure</p> | |

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| 4.1 Unit of measure | <p>The unit of measure are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Index; • Annual percentage change; • Quarterly percentage change. |
| 5. Reference period | |
| 5.1 Reference period | <p>The reference period of Import Price Index survey is monthly but published quarterly. This report is for the reference year 2025.</p> |
| 6. Institutional mandate | |
| 6.1. Legal acts and other agreements | <p>The legal bases for the Import Price Index indicators are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Statistical Law No. 17/2018; • Official Statistics Programme 2022-2026; • Regulation - 2019/2152 - EN - EUR-Lex; • Implementing regulation - 2020/1197 - EN - EUR-Lex |
| 6.2. Data sharing | <p>Import Price Index data are sent to Eurostat.</p> |
| 7. Confidentiality | |
| 7.1. Confidentiality - policy | <p>The data collected by the electricity operators are considered strictly confidential and used only for statistical purposes and scientific research in accordance with Law no. 17/2018 "On Official Statistics", as well as Law no. 9887, dated 10.03.2008 "Protection of Personal Data". Article 31 of the Law on "Official Statistics" clearly define that data collected for the production of official statistics shall be treated by INSTAT as confidential and shall be used only in aggregated tables that will not identify the source information unit. Direct identification means when a statistical unit is directly identified from its name or address or any officially allocated and commonly known identification number. When data processing is made in a manner that allows the identification of the data subject, the data should immediately be encrypted in order for the subjects to be no longer identifiable.</p> |
| 7.2. Confidentiality - data treatment | <p>Albanian Institute of Statistics protects and does not disseminate data it has obtained or it has access to, which enable the direct or indirect identification of the statistical units. Albania Institute of Statistics takes all appropriate preventive measures so as to render impossible the identification of individual statistical units by technical or other means that might reasonably be used by a third party. Statistical data that could potentially enable the identification of the statistical unit are disseminated by Albania Institute of Statistics if and only if:</p> <p>a) these data have been treated, as it is specifically set out in the Regulation, in such a way that their dissemination does not prejudice statistical</p> |

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| | <p>confidentiality;</p> <p>b) the statistical unit has given its consent, without any reservations, for the disclosure of data.</p> <p>The confidential data that are transmitted to Albania Institute of Statistics are used exclusively for statistical purposes and the only persons who have the right to have access to these data are the personnel engaged in this task. Issues referring to the observance of statistical confidentiality are examined by the staff working in Albania Institute of Statistics. The responsibilities of this staff are to recommend on: which detailed level the statistical data can be disseminated, so as the identification, either directly or indirectly, of the surveyed statistical unit is not possible; the anonymization criteria for the microdata provided to users; the access granting to researchers on confidential data for scientific purposes.</p> |
| 8. Release policy | |
| 8.1. Release calendar | <p>Notifications about the dissemination of statistics are published in the release calendar, which is available on the website. The announcements and delays are pre-announced in this calendar. In the case of delays, the date of the next publication and the explanation of the reasons for the delays are specified.</p> |
| 8.2. Release calendar access | <p>The calendar of publications is available on the INSTAT website.</p> |
| 8.3. User access | <p>In accordance with article 34 of Law No. 17/2018 "On Official Statistics", official statistics are disseminated so that all users have an immediate and equal right and all possible forms of media are used. INSTAT and statistical agencies, having in the program the responsibilities of dissemination, seek to meet every requirement of any organization or individual for unpublished data or specific analysis. The following dissemination channels are used to release the results:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Website – online release; • Written requests; • Special publications; • Data request, section available for external users. |
| 9. Frequency of dissemination | |
| 9.1 Frequency of dissemination | <p>The frequency of data dissemination is quarterly.</p> |
| 10. Accessibility and clarity | |
| 10.1. News release | <p>According to the calendar of publications, every quarterly published press release on the Import Price Index. The format of press release has not been changed; it is defined by publication sector as well as the date of release. Press release of Import Price Index is published online at INSTATs website</p> |

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| 10.2. Publications | <p>All the information is available in both Albanian and English language. The Import Price Index data is accessed in excel format starting from the 2012 timeline. A simple methodological explanation exists also in the web page.</p> <p>Users can find the results on the INSTAT website as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Figures; • Import Price Indexes. |
| 10.3. On-line database | Data on Import Price Index are published in the Official website of INSTAT Database. |
| 10.4. Micro – data access | Import Price Index data bases at micro level are not published due to confidentiality reasons Aggregated data is the only type of data that is provided to external users. Even the micro data are not published they can be accessed based on the article 31, point 7 of the law No. 17/2018 “On official statistics”. |
| 10.5. Other | Users can submit specific requests for data through the INSTAT website in a dedicated session to contact in the following link: Data-Request. |
| 10.6. Documentation on methodology | A short explanation related to the definitions of the main concepts and methodological explanations are provided to users in the end of press releases and publications. Additional support information is given to internal users when needed or required. Also, the methodological notes are published at INSTATs website. |
| 10.7. Quality documentation | Price Sector (Agriculture, Industry, Services)document all the work process and procedure for the Import Price Index for internal purposes. |
| 11. Quality management | |
| 11.1. Quality assurance | <p>INSTAT is committed to ensure the highest quality with respect to the compilation of statistical information. In accordance with the Statistics Law, INSTAT use statistical methods and processes in compliance with internationally recognized scientific principles and standards conduct on- going analyses of the statistics with a view to quality improvements and ensure that statistics are as up to-date. In performing its tasks, it follows the general principles of quality management from the European Statistics Code of Practice. INSTAT declares that it takes into account the following principles: impartiality, quality of processes and products, user orientation, employee orientation, effectiveness of statistical processes, reducing the workload for respondents.</p> |
| 11.2. Quality assessments | Quality controls and validation of data are actions carried out throughout the process. The staff is involved in different stages such as the data collection, data control, data input and other necessary controls and all are well trained. |

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| | Quality monitoring processes for quality dimensions (eg. timeliness estimates) exist. Periodic reviews have been carried out to identify the measures that are in place and further meet the quality requirements |
| 12. Relevance | |
| 12.1. User needs | <p>Users of Import Price Index are classified as external and internal. External users are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Institutions of public administration; • Universities; • National and international NGOs; • Enterprises; • Researchers, students and other similar groups. <p>Internal users are those within the institution of INSTAT.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Account Directory. |
| 12.2. User satisfaction | INSTAT annually conducts the Survey for Measuring User Satisfaction, the results of which are published on the web at the link: User Satisfaction Survey . |
| 12.3. Completeness | The degree of completeness of the data, for the Import Price Index 2025 is good. This calculation took into account the ratio of indicators met by INSTAT to what is required by European regulations. |
| 13. Accuracy and reliability | |
| 13.1. Overall accuracy | The accuracy of Import Price Index is generally considered to be high. There is methodological accuracy in regards of weights and prices and calculations according to European Regulations. |
| 13.2. Sampling error | Not applicable. Sampling errors for the Import Price Index cannot be calculated because the survey is not based on a random sample but on threshold sampling |
| 13.3. Non - sampling error | <p>The non-sampling errors are mainly errors occurring during measurement or no response. Errors are evaluated and compared to results of other periods. Phone or physical contacts to the enterprises are used to obtain the correct information and to increase the response rate.</p> <p>Unit non-response takes in consideration enterprises that are unable or unwilling to give the answers or when interviewers are unable to find the enterprises address, or when other barriers exist to complete the interview. Unit non-response in enterprise level for Import Price Index 2025 is 16.88 %.</p> <p>Over-coverage is possible when a unit is registered in the activity under observation, but it actually performs some other activity, which is not the</p> |

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| | subject of observation or the enterprise's status has changed, it's not active anymore. Over-coverage rate for Import Price Index 2025 is 10.62 %. | | | | | | | | |
| 14. Timeliness and punctuality | | | | | | | | | |
| 14.1. Timeliness | <p>Results of Import Price Index are published on INSTAT website 64 days after the end of the reference period (T+ 64 days). The reference period of these results is December 31st, 2025.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Reference period</td> <td>12/31/2025</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Date of publication</td> <td>3/5/2026</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Timeliness</td> <td>64</td> </tr> </table> | Reference period | 12/31/2025 | Date of publication | 3/5/2026 | Timeliness | 64 | | |
| Reference period | 12/31/2025 | | | | | | | | |
| Date of publication | 3/5/2026 | | | | | | | | |
| Timeliness | 64 | | | | | | | | |
| 14.2. Punctuality | <p>The data of Import Price Index are disseminated according to the publication calendar. The publication of Import Price Index has been punctuality in time to 100% of publications carried out over the years.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Reference period</td> <td>12/31/2025</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Date of announcement</td> <td>3/5/2026</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Date of publication</td> <td>3/5/2026</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Time lag</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table> | Reference period | 12/31/2025 | Date of announcement | 3/5/2026 | Date of publication | 3/5/2026 | Time lag | 0 |
| Reference period | 12/31/2025 | | | | | | | | |
| Date of announcement | 3/5/2026 | | | | | | | | |
| Date of publication | 3/5/2026 | | | | | | | | |
| Time lag | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| 15. Coherence and comparability | | | | | | | | | |
| 15.1. Comparability - geographical | All the territory of the country was considered and included in Import Price Index sample. INSTAT uses methodological aspects that are based on concepts, definitions and guidelines of European Parliament and Council Regulation concerning of Short-Term Statistics. Therefore, Import Price Index produced could be comparable with other countries. | | | | | | | | |
| 15.2. Comparability - over time | <p>Import Price Index statistics are provided quarterly and annually and are comparable between them. Time series for Import Price Index exists from the reference year 2012 currently 2021=100, providing a comparability of 15years (CC2=Jlast-Jfirst+1=15).</p> <p>The data are constantly checked to ensure their comparability over time.</p> | | | | | | | | |
| 15.3. Coherence - cross domain | Not available. | | | | | | | | |
| 15.4. Coherence - internal | Import price data are comparable to the Statistical Data of the Foreign Value Unit Index. The internal consistency of the data is checked before it is finalized. The links between variables are checked and coherence between different data series confirmed. | | | | | | | | |
| 16. Cost and burden | | | | | | | | | |

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| 16.1 Cost and burden | <p>Persons working for the Import Price Index:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total staff in Central Office 1 employee • Enumerators 52: • Controllers 4 employees (which deal with IPI, CCI, SPI).. |
| 17. Data revision | |
| 17.1. Data revision - policy | <p>Revision policy of Import Price Index is done in accordance with general revision policy and errors treatment policy set by INSTAT. The same revision policy is applied to data released nationally and transmitted to Eurostat. For further information refer to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revision Policy; • Errors Treatment Policy. |
| 17.2. Data revision - practise | Published data will be considered final and they cannot be changed. |
| 18. Statistical processing | |
| 18.1. Source data | The sources for selecting enterprises are the Annual Survey on Industrial Production and Custom Data. |
| 18.2. Frequency of data collection | Data is collected quarterly with monthly information. |
| 18.3. Data collection | <p>Prices which are the basis for calculating Import Price Indices are collected with the quarterly survey of Import Price. Regular collection of prices data normally flows from a sample of units and a sample of their imported products. Enterprises fill the questionnaires every quarter with the information for each month by interview face to face. Each questionnaire is prepared for the enterprise individually.</p> |
| 18.4. Data validation | <p>Verification of prices: Collected import prices will be compared to their historical trend, price changes for similar import products and other knowledge gained by analysts; implausible price changes are verified with the reporting unit. Reporting units verify prices of the import products by reporting prices for both the current and the previous month and, if any changes occurred, those changes have to be explained in the questionnaire. In INSTAT, prices have been checked by checking prices on questionnaires, by data entry and by telephone in cases when the questionnaire is not properly completed.</p> |
| 18.5. Data compilation | <p>National level:</p> <p>First step is collecting information from the interviewers. The purpose is to bring this information to the statistic level. This process follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physical control of questionnaires; • Logical control of questionnaires (control of logical marked of |

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| | <p>responses indicators, description and codification of activity, and control of accurate values.);</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Editing process of data collected (errors and modification); • Non- response units and the missing information need to be completed through the imputation process; • Analysis of results under each domain of publication. |
| 18.6. Adjustment | <p>Missing prices: In case of a missing price, the price of the previous month is carried forward.</p> <p>Treatment of products out of production: If a product becomes unavailable, an appropriate replacement item is selected with similar specifications.</p> <p>Selection of replacement items: A new item within the product group (CPA 6- digit) is suggested by the respondent and selected.</p> <p>Adjustments for quality differences: Overlap pricing - collection of previous period price of the new item or judgmental explicit valuation of the specification difference. If none of the two are possible “no price change” is assumed.</p> <p>New Products: New products are included at the end of the year and are part of the sample for the following period. Introducing new products: New products are included as from each new annual link.</p> <p>Seasonal items: The latest observed price is carried forward until the item reappears on the market.</p> <p>Indices are not seasonally-adjusted: Not applicable.</p> |
| 19. Comment | |
| Annex | |