Foreigners in Albania

Reference Metadata in Euro SDMX Metadata Structure (ESMS)

INSTAT

Reference Metadata

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1. Contact		
1.1. Contact organisation	INSTAT, Institute of Statistics	
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2. Metadata update	2. Metadata update	
2.1. Metadata last certified	22.12.2021	
2.2. Metadata last posted	22.12.2021	
2.3. Metadata last update	22.12.2021	
3. Statistical presentation	on	
	Statistics on foreigners in Albania consider any person, with or without citizenship, who, according to the Albanian legislation, is not an Albanian citizen.	
3.1. Data description	The purpose of the annual publication of foreigners in Albania is to present the results and indicators on foreigners with residence permits in Albania, by age group and sex, reason for application, countries of origin and the annual number of applications for residence permits. The publication also features irregular foreigners.	
	The data series on foreigners contain statistical information on: • Foreigners with residence permits in Albania by country of origin • Foreigners with residence permits in Albania by sex • Foreigners with residence permits in Albania by age group • Foreigners with residence permits in Albania according to the reason for the	

	 application Irregular foreigners by country of origin Foreigners with residence permits by continents, Applications for Residence Permit in Albania by country of origin Applications for Residence Permit in Albania by length of validity
3.2. Classification system	The citizenship classification is based on the list of ISO-3166 codes (using alpha-2) with minor changes. These changes consist of small changes that have occurred over time to reflect the creation of new countries or citizenships. In some cases, these categories of citizenship are not universally recognized, but are used recognized by Albania.
3.3. Sector coverage	Statistical information covers data on foreigners with residence permits by country of origin, the reason for the application, continents, sex, age group as well as by applications for residence permit in the Republic of Albania.
3.4. Statistical concepts and definitons	Foreigner is any person, with or without citizenship, who, according to the Albanian legislation, is not an Albanian citizen. Residence Permit is a document issued by the competent authorities which authorizes and permits a foreigner to stay in the Republic of Albania for more than 90 days within 180 days. Stateless person is the person who does not have the nationality of any state. Work permit is the authorization issued by the responsible state authority to a foreigner, for business purposes, to be employed, self-employed or for professional training. Family reunification is the entry and stay in the Republic of Albania of family members of an Albanian citizen, who do not have Albanian citizenship or a foreigner or a refugee resident in the Republic of Albania, with the purpose of maintaining the family, regardless of whether the family relationship is established before or after the entry of a foreigner into the Republic of Albania, in cases of family reunification of the foreigner's family. Family members of a foreigner, asylum seeker, refugee or person under subsidiary protection are their spouse, cohabitant, whose cohabitation has a stable and proven character; minors, unmarried children, part of the family composition including those deprived of custody and who are in custody of him or her or adopted by a court decision or a decision that is enforced directly, according to the international obligations of the Republic of Albania or to be recognized, in accordance with international obligations, as well as unmarried adult children when they cannot objectively meet their needs due to their health status; first-line ancestors in the right line, when they are in charge of him or his / her spouse, according to the legislation of origin and do not enjoy the proper family support in the country of origin. Volunteer's service is a program of solidarity activities, based on activities recognized in the Republic of Albania, in pursuit of objectives of general interest.

	Researchers and specialists are foreigners with specialized knowledge, essential, for service, research equipment and a high level of qualification for the activity exercised by the enterprise or research institution.
	Irregular stay is the presence in the territory of the Republic of Albania of a foreigner who does not meet or no longer meets the conditions for entry, stay or residence in the territory of the Republic of Albania.
	State or place of origin is the state whose citizenship is held by asylum seekers or refugees and, in the case of stateless persons, the country in which the refugee or asylum seeker has his habitual residence.
3.5. Statistical unit	The statistical unit is individuals.
3.6. Statistical population	Foreigners statistics refer to foreign individuals with residence permits in Albania as well as irregular foreigners.
3.7. Reference area	Territory of Republic of Albania.
3.8. Time coverage	Time series of Foreigners in Albania are annually published, starting from 2017 onwards. Aggregated data cover the entire territory of the country.
	Data are available from 2005 onwards.
3.9. Base period	Not applicable.
4. Unit of measure	Number of individuals.
5. Reference period	This report refers to 2020.
6. Institutional mandate	
6.1. Legal acts and other agreements	The legal basis for the production of indicators of Foreigners in Albania is part of the legal basis of INSTAT: • National Statistical Law • Official Statistics National Program 2017-2021 The definitions are based on: • Law No.79 / 2021 "On Foreigners"
6.2. Data sharing	Actually there is no data sharing in European level.
7. Confidentiality	
7.1. Confidentiality -	Data collected by statistical units are considered strictly confidential and are

policy	used only for statistical and research purposes based on national Statistical Law No.17/2018 "On Official Statistics", date 10.03.2018 and on Law No.9887, date 10.03.2008 "Personal Data Protection". Article 31 on Statistics Law reads as follows: Data collected for the production of official statistics shall be treated by INSTAT as confidential and shall be used only in aggregated tables that will not identify the source information unit. Direct identification means when a statistical unit is directly identified from its name or address or any officially allocated and commonly known identification number. When data processing is made in a manner that allows the identification of the data subject, the data should immediately be encrypted in order for the subjects to be no longer identifiable.
7.2. Confidentiality - data treatment	Albanian Institute of Statistics protects and does not disseminate data it has obtained or it has access to, which enable the direct or indirect identification of the statistical units. Albania Institute of Statistics takes all appropriate preventive measures so as to render impossible the identification of individual statistical units by technical or other means that might reasonably be used by a third party. Statistical data that could potentially enable the identification of the statistical unit are disseminated by Albania Institute of Statistics if and only if: a) these data have been treated, as it is specifically set out in the Regulation, in such a way that their dissemination does not prejudice statistical confidentiality or b) the statistical unit has given its consent, without any reservations, for the disclosure of data. The confidential data that are transmitted to Albania Institute of Statistics are used exclusively for statistical purposes and the only persons who have the right to have access to these data are the personnel engaged in this task. Issues referring to the observance of statistical confidentiality are examined by the staff working in Albania Institute of Statistics. The responsibilities of this staff are to recommend on: which detailed level the statistical data can be disseminated, so as the identification, either directly or indirectly, of the surveyed statistical unit is not possible; the anonymization criteria for the microdata provided to users; the access granting to researchers on confidential data for scientific purposes.
8. Release policy	
8.1. Release calendar	Notifications about the dissemination of statistics are published in the release calendar, which is available on the website. The announcements and delays are per-announced in this calendar. In the case of delays, the date of the next publication and the explanation of the reasons for the delays are specified.
8.2. Release calendar access	The calendar of publications is available on INSTAT website.
8.3. User access	In accordance with article 34 of Law No. 17/2018 "On Official Statistics", official statistics are disseminated so that all users have an immediate and equal right and all possible forms of media are used. INSTAT and statistical agencies, having in the program the responsibilities of dissemination, seek to

	meet every requirement of any organization or individual for unpublished data or specific analysis. The following dissemination channels are used to release the results:
	 Website – online release Written requests Special publications
	4. <u>Data request</u> , section available for external users
9. Frequency of dissemination	The dissemination of the Foreigners in Albania is done on annual basis.
10. Accessibility and cla	arity
10.1. News release	According to the calendar of publications, the data of the Foreigners in Albania, are published annually with a separate publication, on specific dates. The publication is available on the official website of INSTAT, in the statistical database Px-Web, also distributed electronically to users.
	Public announcements and delays in the publication calendar. In case of delays, other publication data and explanation of the reasons for the delays are specified.
10.2. Publications	Users can find the publications on the INSTAT website organized under the topic: • Foreigners in Albania
10.3. On-line database	More detailed data on Foreigners in Albania are published on the official INSTAT website: Database of statistical data.
10.4. Micro – data access	Access in Micro-data is not applicable.
10.5. Other	Users can send other specific requests through a dedicated section for Contacts .
10.6. Documentation on methodology	A brief explanation of the definitions, key concepts and methodological explanations for users is published in the press release and publications. Additional information is provided to internal users when needed. On the INSTAT website there is a section related on Methodology on Foreigners in Albania Statistics.
10.7. Quality documentation	Population Statistics Sector takes care about all documentation of the whole process of work and procedures of Foreigners in Albania for internal purposes.
11. Quality managment	
11.1. Quality assurance	INSTAT is committed to ensure the highest quality with respect to the compilation of statistical information. In accordance with the Statistics Law, INSTAT use statistical methods and processes in compliance with

	internationally recognized scientific principles and standards conduct ongoing analyses of the statistics with a view to quality improvements and ensure that statistics are as up to-date. In performing its tasks it follows the general principles of quality management from the European Statistics Code of Practice. INSTAT declares that it takes into account the following principles: impartiality, quality of processes and products, user orientation, employee orientation, effectiveness of statistical processes, reducing the workload for respondents. Quality controls and validation of data are actions carried out throughout the process. The staff is involved in different stages of index calculation, such as the data collection, data control, data input and other necessary control are all well trained. This helps the staff to know the enterprises and their responsibilities and keep an updated collaboration.
11.2. Quality assessments	are compared with data from previous years to determine if there is data coherence or there have been major changes.
12. Relevance	
12.1. User needs	The publication of data on foreigners is widely used by users mainly for evidence-based policy planning, because foreigners figures are used to analyze a range of indicators both social and economic, by different users among which the most important are: Central government Local government Academic field Ordinary users Information on users' needs for, and their perceptions of foreigners is measured in several ways: Page Views (Hits) on the relevant product on the INSTAT website. Meetings with different users allowing them to discuss their requirements and needs. Contacts with users who individually contact the Population Statistics sector on their specific requests, or send to INSTAT their requests regarding statistics on foreigners.
12.2. User satisfaction	Page Views (Hits) on Migration and migrant integration in 2020 are around 9,265 clicks. During 2020 INSTAT conducted a survey to measure user satisfaction from INSTAT publications. The survey results show that the overall quality of Migration and migrant integration is rated 3.70 (74%) on a scale of 1 (very poor) to 5 (very good). INSTAT organizes every year <u>User Satisfaction Survey</u> .
12.3. Completeness	The completeness of the data for Foreigners in Albania statistics for 2020 is judged by comparing the quality and quantity of indicators in the Official Statistics Program (2017-2021). The Completeness rate of Foreigners, in

	Albania Statistics for 2020 is 100%.	
13. Accuracy and reliab	13. Accuracy and reliability	
13.1. Overall accuracy	In general, the data have been checked with previous years to identify any significant changes in the performance of the data. In cases where changes are encountered, INSTAT notifies the relevant data sources to inform about the findings found in order to correct this data if deemed necessary or to be officially confirmed.	
13.2. Sampling error	Not applicable.	
13.3. Non - sampling error	The non-sampling errors are mainly errors of the administrative data sources reported data. Data review occurs only if the relevant institutions review the data sent to INSTAT for the purpose of updating or any potential human error. If the relevant institutions review the data sent to INSTAT, these changes will be reflected in the nearest publication and brief explanatory information will be provided to users.	
14. Timeliness and pune	ctuality	
14.1. Timeliness	Results of Foreigners in Albania are published on INSTAT website 356 days after the end of the reference period (T+ 356 days). The reference period of these results is December 31, 2020. Reference period 12/31/2020 Date of publication 12/22/2021 Timeliness 356	
14.2. Punctuality	The data on Foreigners in Albania are disseminated according to the publication calendar. The publication of "Foreigners in Albania Statistics" data of 2020 has been delayed for 124 days due to the delays of administrative data. Reference period 12/31/2020 Date of 8/20/2021 Date of publication 12/22/2021	
	Time lag 124	
15. Coherence and com	15. Coherence and comparability	
15.1. Comparability - geographical	Statistics on Foreigners in Albania are presented at the national level. These statistics are comparable as the institutions that provide us with the data coordinate the data collection process.	
15.2. Comparability - over time	Statistics for Foreigners in Albania date back to 2005 referring to the statistical database, providing a long time comparison of 16 years (CC2 = Jlast-Jfirst + 1 = 16).	

	The data are constantly checked to ensure their comparability over time.
15.3. Coherence - cross domain	Not applicable.
15.4. Coherence - internal	The internal consistency of the data is checked before finalizing. The evaluation of time series and their trend are also checked.
16. Cost and burden	The sector of Population Statistics is part of the Directory of Social Statistics. The staff involved in the procedure of data collections, data control, update and maintains of statistics, works full time and are as following: 1. Head Office 1 employee 2. Specialist 3 employees
	The data from administrative sources are free of charge as they are provided through a cooperation agreement between INSTAT and Ministry of Internal Affairs create the ability to transmit data at no cost.
17. Data revision	
17.1. Data revision - policy	Revision policy of Foreigners in Albania Statistics is done in accordance with general revision policy and errors treatment policy introduced by INSTAT in the links below: • Revision Policy • The Errors treatiment Policy
17.2. Data revision - practise	If the authorities that send information on Foreigners in Albania Statistics to INSTAT will report changes in the information provided through tables, this data will be updated and published in the forthcoming publication accompanied by an explanatory note to the user.
	No revisions of the data on Foreigners for 2020 have been conducted, subject to this report.
18. Statistical processin	g
18.1. Source data	For foreigners statistics the data source is only administrative data. Data on foreigners with residence permits in Albania as well as irregular foreigners are provided by the Department of Border and Migration. Referring to the data on applications for residence permits and residence permits in the territory, the information is provided through the Electronic Register for Foreigners (FER).
18.2. Frequency of data collection	Frequency of data collection is done in annual frequency.
18.3. Data collection	Data on Foreigners in Albania are data from an administrative source. The Institute of Statistics organizes the work for the calculation of indicators and statistics on Foreigners in Albania for 2020, oriented by the Official Statistics Program and the Law on Statistics. Department of Border and Migration is the

	main source of data for all indicators published under this program.
18.4. Data validation	The data were logically and mathematically checked. These controls are performed throughout the data processing process, for all indicators that INSTAT publishes. Among the methods of verifying administrative data we can mention: Check for data completeness, consistency over time, arithmetic corrections (should not be too high), summary checks, time series check if there are large deviations, etc
18.5. Data compilation	Not applicable.
18.6. Adjustment	Not applicable.
19. Comment	
Annex	