

Quarterly Labour Force Survey

First quarter 2021

Tirana, 11 June, 2021: During the first quarter of 2021, the employment rate for the population aged from 15 to 64 is 59.0 %. In this quarter, compared to the same quarter of 2020, the total number of employed decreased by 2.6 %. Compared to the fourth quarter of 2020, this indicator decreased by 0.5 %.

In the first quarter of 2021, the official unemployment rate in Albania, for the population aged 15 years and over is 11.9 %. Compared to the first quarter of 2020, the official unemployment rate increased by 0.5 percentage points. Compared to the fourth quarter 2020, the official unemployment rate increased by 0.1 percentage points.

In the first quarter of 2021, the labour force participation rate for the population aged from 15 to 64 is 67.5%. Compared to the first quarter of 2020, the labour force participation rate is 2.1 percentage points lower. Compared to the previous quarter this indicator decreased by 1.2 percentage points.

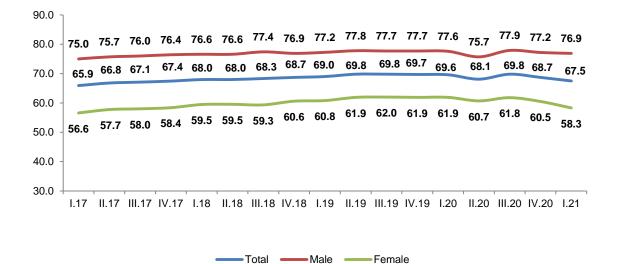


Fig. 1 Labour Force Participation Rate, population aged 15 to 64, Q.1/17-Q.1/21

The women labour force participation rate is 58.3 %, whereas for men this indicator is 76.9 %. The men labour force participation rate is 18.6 percentage points higher than women. Compared to the same quarter of 2020, the labour force participation rate decreased by 3.6 percentage points for women and 0.7 percentage points for men.

For Release 11/06/2021

Over the first quarter 2021, the youth labour force participation rate (population aged from 15 to 29) is 50.7 %. For the population aged from 30 to 64, in the first quarter 2021, the labour force participation rate is 75.9 %.

Employment

During the first quarter of 2021, the employment rate for the population 15-64 is 59.0 %.

The employment growth rate for the population aged 15 and over, from the first quarter 2020 to the first quarter 2021, is -2.6 %. The annual employment growth rate by main economic sectors is: -7.8 % in agriculture, -0.3 % in services and +1.5 % in industry.

Compared to the previous quarter, in the first quarter 2021, the employment for population aged 15 years and over, decreased by 0.5 %. Employment increased in the sectors of services and industry by 4.9 % and 1.1 % respectively, while decreased in agriculture by 7.8 %.

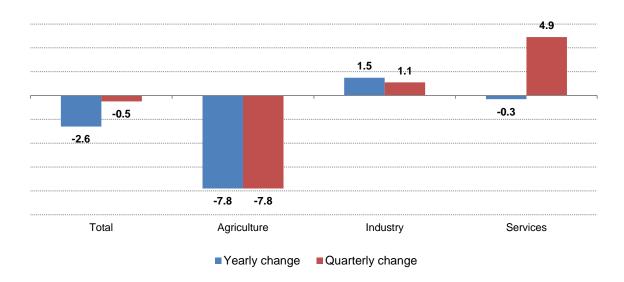
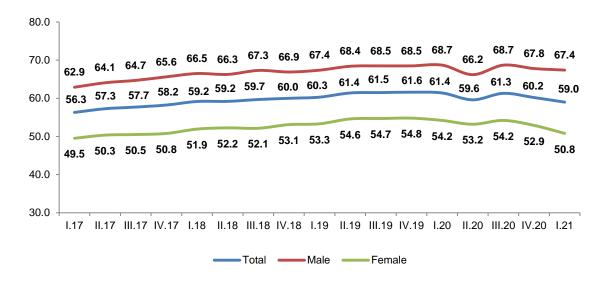


Fig. 2 Employment growth rate in yearly and quarterly basis, population aged 15 and over (%)

The men employment rate is 67.4 %, whereas for women is 50.8 %. Compared to the same quarter of 2020, the employment rate for men decreased by 1.3 percentage points while for women decreased by 3.4 percentage points. The youth employment rate is 38.9 %. For the population aged 30 to 64, in the first quarter 2021, the employment rate is 69.0 %.

Fig. 3 Employment Rate, population aged 15 to 64, Q.1/17-Q.1/21



Unemployment

In the first quarter of 2021, the official unemployment rate in Albania is 11.9 %. In annual terms, the official unemployment rate increased by 0.5 percentage points. Compared to the previous quarter, the official unemployment rate increased by 0.1 percentage points.

The official unemployment rate is 11.7 % for males and 12.1 % for females. Compared to the same quarter of 2020, the unemployment rate increased by 0.7 percentage points for males and by 0.2 percentage points for females.

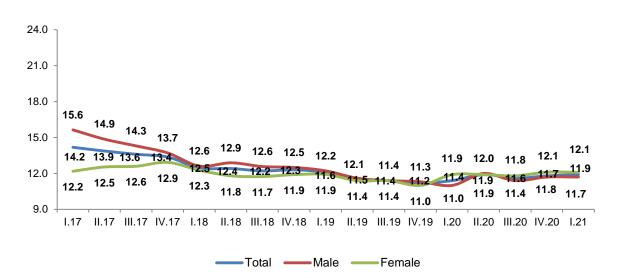


Fig. 4 Official Unemployment Rate, population aged 15 and over, Q.1/17-Q.1/21

The official youth unemployment rate is 23.3 %. Youth unemployment rate has an increasing trend. Compared to the first quarter of 2020, the youth unemployment rate in the first quarter of 2021 is 3.3 percentage points higher. Compared to the fourth quarter of 2020, the youth unemployment rate increased by 1.6 percentage points.

The unemployment rate for the population aged 30 to 64 is 9.1 %. In annual terms this indicator is at the same level, while compared to the previous quarter, the unemployment rate for this age group decreased by 0.1 percentage points.

The economically inactive population

Over the first quarter of 2021, 18.9 % of the economically inactive population at working age (15 to 64 years), were fulfilling household duties, 11.5 % was in retirement or early retirement, while 10.7 % were permanently disabled.

In the first quarter of 2021, 11.2 % of the economically inactive population (aged 15 to 64) declared that the reason for not looking for work is because they believe that no work is available, so classified as discouraged workers.

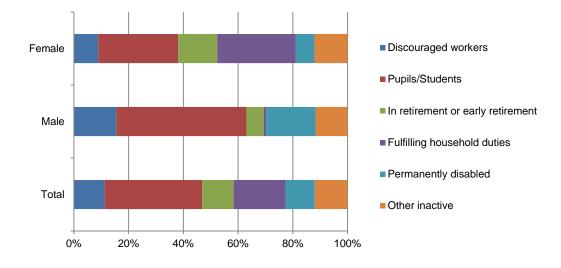


Fig. 5 Structure of the economically inactive population by sex and inactivity status

Within the non-economically active youth population aged 15 to 29, 70.1 % are pupils/students or pursuing a training, while 9.0 % are classified as discouraged workers. Among the adult economically inactive population (aged 30 to 64), discouraged workers account for 13.5 %.

Tab. 1 Unemployment Rate, Q.1/17-Q.1/21

Age	Sex	Q.1.2017	Q.2.2017	Q.3.2017	Q.4.2017	Q.1.2018	Q.2.2018	Q.3.2018	Q.4.2018	Q.1.2019	Q.2.2019	Q.3.2019	Q.4.2019	Q.1.2020	Q.2.2020	Q.3.2020	Q.4.2020	Q.1.2021
	Total	14.2	13.9	13.6	13.4	12.5	12.4	12.2	12.3	12.1	11.5	11.4	11.2	11.4	11.9	11.6	11.8	11.9
15 years and over	Male	15.6	14.9	14.3	13.7	12.6	12.9	12.6	12.5	12.2	11.6	11.4	11.3	11.0	12.0	11.4	11.7	11.7
	Female	12.2	12.5	12.6	12.9	12.3	11.8	11.7	11.9	11.9	11.4	11.4	11.0	11.9	11.9	11.8	12.1	12.1
15-64 years	Total	14.6	14.3	14.0	13.6	13.0	12.9	12.7	12.7	12.6	12.0	11.8	11.6	11.9	12.5	12.1	12.3	12.6
	Male	16.1	15.4	14.8	14.1	13.2	13.5	13.1	13.0	12.8	12.1	11.9	11.8	11.5	12.6	11.9	12.2	12.4
	Female	12.5	12.8	12.8	13.0	12.7	12.2	12.1	12.3	12.3	11.8	11.8	11.4	12.4	12.4	12.3	12.5	12.9
	Total	26.6	26.4	26.0	24.6	24.5	22.6	23.2	22.3	22.2	20.9	21.4	21.4	20.0	21.4	20.7	21.7	23.3
15-29 years	Male	28.6	27.4	26.6	25.6	24.2	23.4	22.8	22.4	22.4	21.0	20.6	21.2	19.9	21.9	20.3	21.3	22.5
	Female	23.4	24.7	25.0	23.1	24.9	21.5	23.8	22.2	21.9	20.8	22.4	21.5	20.2	20.8	21.4	22.2	24.4
	Total	11.2	10.8	10.6	10.5	9.2	9.6	8.9	9.2	9.1	8.8	8.5	8.3	9.1	9.5	9.0	9.2	9.1
30-64 years	Male	12.3	11.5	11.1	10.6	9.3	9.7	9.2	9.4	9.1	8.8	8.8	8.5	8.4	9.3	8.8	8.9	8.9
	Female	9.8	9.9	10.0	10.4	9.0	9.5	8.5	8.9	9.1	8.8	8.1	7.9	9.8	9.8	9.4	9.5	9.2

Tab. 2 Employment Rate, Q.1/17-Q.1/21

Age	Sex	Q.1.2017	Q.2.2017	Q.3.2017	Q.4.2017	Q.1.2018	Q.2.2018	Q.3.2018	Q.4.2018	Q.1.2019	Q.2.2019	Q.3.2019	Q.4.2019	Q.1.2020	Q.2.2020	Q.3.2020	Q.4.2020	Q.1.2021
	Total	49.2	50.0	50.7	51.2	51.9	52.0	52.2	52.3	52.5	53.6	53.8	53.8	53.1	51.7	53.2	52.0	51.9
15 years and over	Male	55.6	56.7	57.7	58.2	58.9	58.7	59.4	59.0	59.2	60.3	60.4	60.4	60.0	57.9	59.9	58.8	59.5
	Female	42.7	43.4	43.8	44.2	45.0	45.4	45.0	45.7	45.9	47.1	47.3	47.4	46.5	45.8	46.7	45.4	44.4
15-64 years	Total	56.3	57.3	57.7	58.2	59.2	59.2	59.7	60.0	60.3	61.4	61.5	61.6	61.4	59.6	61.3	60.2	59.0
	Male	62.9	64.1	64.7	65.6	66.5	66.3	67.3	66.9	67.4	68.4	68.5	68.5	68.7	66.2	68.7	67.8	67.4
	Female	49.5	50.3	50.5	50.8	51.9	52.2	52.1	53.1	53.3	54.6	54.7	54.8	54.2	53.2	54.2	52.9	50.8
	Total	33.0	33.6	33.5	34.9	35.9	37.9	39.5	40.8	41.0	41.9	41.3	40.6	42.7	39.7	42.3	40.0	38.9
15-29 years	Male	36.9	38.4	39.2	39.7	41.6	44.5	46.8	46.0	46.7	47.3	46.9	45.5	48.3	44.7	48.6	46.2	45.2
	Female	28.4	28.1	26.9	29.7	29.8	31.1	31.8	35.1	35.1	36.3	35.7	35.8	37.2	34.5	35.9	33.6	32.5
	Total	67.5	68.6	69.3	69.4	71.9	70.8	70.7	70.5	70.6	71.8	72.3	72.7	70.9	69.9	71.1	70.7	69.0
30-64 years	Male	76.6	77.8	78.1	79.0	80.6	78.6	79.1	78.8	78.8	80.0	79.9	80.9	79.5	77.5	79.3	79.4	78.7
	Female	58.7	60.0	60.9	60.3	63.5	63.3	62.6	62.4	62.6	63.9	64.8	64.8	62.8	62.5	63.3	62.5	59.7

Tab. 3 Labour Force Participation Rate, Q.1/17-Q.1/21

Age	Sex	Q.1.2017	Q.2.2017	Q.3.2017	Q.4.2017	Q.1.2018	Q.2.2018	Q.3.2018	Q.4.2018	Q.1.2019	Q.2.2019	Q.3.2019	Q.4.2019	Q.1.2020	Q.2.2020	Q.3.2020	Q.4.2020	Q.1.2021
	Total	57.3	58.1	58.7	59.1	59.3	59.3	59.4	59.6	59.7	60.6	60.7	60.6	60.0	58.8	60.2	59.0	58.8
15 years and over	Male	66.0	66.6	67.3	67.4	67.4	67.4	68.0	67.5	67.5	68.2	68.2	68.1	67.4	65.8	67.6	66.6	67.4
	Female	48.6	49.6	50.1	50.8	51.3	51.4	51.0	51.9	52.1	53.1	53.4	53.3	52.8	51.9	52.9	51.6	50.5
15-64 years	Total	65.9	66.8	67.1	67.4	68.0	68.0	68.3	68.7	69.0	69.8	69.8	69.7	69.6	68.1	69.8	68.7	67.5
	Male	75.0	75.7	76.0	76.4	76.6	76.6	77.4	76.9	77.2	77.8	77.7	77.7	77.6	75.7	77.9	77.2	76.9
	Female	56.6	57.7	58.0	58.4	59.5	59.5	59.3	60.6	60.8	61.9	62.0	61.9	61.9	60.7	61.8	60.5	58.3
	Total	44.9	45.7	45.2	46.3	47.5	49.0	51.4	52.5	52.7	53.0	52.5	51.7	53.4	50.5	53.3	51.0	50.7
15-29 years	Male	51.6	52.9	53.4	53.3	54.9	58.1	60.5	59.3	60.2	59.9	59.1	57.8	60.2	57.3	61.0	58.7	58.4
	Female	37.1	37.3	35.9	38.6	39.7	39.6	41.7	45.1	45.0	45.8	46.0	45.6	46.6	43.6	45.6	43.2	43.0
	Total	76.0	76.9	77.5	77.6	79.1	78.3	77.5	77.6	77.6	78.7	79.0	79.2	78.0	77.2	78.2	77.8	75.9
30-64 years	Male	87.3	87.9	87.8	88.3	88.9	87.1	87.1	87.0	86.7	87.8	87.6	88.4	86.8	85.5	87.0	87.1	86.4
	Female	65.1	66.6	67.7	67.3	69.8	69.9	68.4	68.5	68.9	70.0	70.5	70.4	69.6	69.3	69.9	69.0	65.7

Methodology

The Quarterly Labour Force Survey is a household based survey. Its main objective is to provide information on the labour market situation in Albania, which serves policymakers to design labour market policies and to assess their effectiveness, and to meet user needs for updated information on the labour market dynamics.

The sample frame used for the QLFS is based on data of Enumeration Areas according to the Housing and Population Census of 2011. The sample size for the first quarter of 2021 is 7,935 households. The sample is based in a two-stage sampling procedure. In the first stage are selected the geographical areas with a proportional probability to the size of the enumeration area. In the second stage within each of the geographical areas (once selected in the first stage) are selected a fix number of households by equal probability systematic sampling method.

The QLFS uses a rotational sampling design, whereby a household once initially selected for interview, is retained in the sample for five consecutive quarters. The same household is scheduled to be interviewed exactly after 13 weeks apart, so that the fifth interview takes place one year after the first. In the first quarter of 2021, the household response rate was 79.3 %.

Data collection in the fieldwork is spread during all months of the year. In the selected households, were surveyed by face-to-face interview, all household members aged 15 years and above. The QLFS questionnaire was drafted with the technical assistance from EUROSTAT and in complete compliance with its recommendations and regulations. The methodological part fulfils all EUROSTAT standards linked with the representation of the sample, coefficient of the variation of the main indicators, the questionnaire design, and data weighting procedures.

As for the weighting procedure of LFS data, it is used the estimated annual population, based on 2011 housing and population census data and vital statistics (births and deaths) provided from the General Directory of Civil Status

Working age population is the population between 15-64 years old.

Employed are considered all the persons who have worked even for one hour with a respective salary or profit during the reference week. The **reference week** is the calendar week from Monday to Sunday before the date of the interview.

As employed are considered also the persons who were receiving a salary or wage while they were in training during their work and the persons temporarily absent at work during the reference week for the following reasons: (1) maternity leave, illness, injury or temporary disability and expect to return to work; education / training directly related to the actual work; (2) salaried employees absent from work for some reasons other than the above when (a) the duration of absence is three months or less, and the person is not a seasonal worker or (b) the person takes 50 % or more of the salary; (3) the self-employed who intend to return to the business / farm / or professional practice; (4) workers not being paid who expect to return to work in three

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months or less. People who work on their small farm, who do not sell their products, but produce only for selfconsumption, are also considered as employed.

Unemployed comprise persons who during the reference week were:

- a) Without work, i.e. neither had a job nor were at work (for one hour or more) in paid employment or self-employment;
- b) Currently available for work, (within two weeks following the reference week);
- c) Actively seeking work, (had taken specific steps in the four week period ending with the reference week to seek paid employment or self-employment) or found a job to start later, (within a period of at most three months).

The following are considered as specific steps

- Having been in contact with a public employment office to find work;
- Having been in contact with a private employment agency to find work
- Applying to employers directly
- Asking friends, relatives, unions etc. to find work;
- Placing or answering job advertisements;
- Studying job advertisements;
- Taking a recruitment test or examination or being interviewed;
- Looking for land, premises or equipment;
- Applying for permits, licences or financial resources.

Labour Force includes employed and unemployed persons.

Non-economically active population comprises all the persons who are not classified as employed or unemployed (pupils/students, housekeepers, retired, disabled, discouraged unemployed).

The employment rate is the proportion of employed 15-64 years compared to the working age population.

The unemployment rate is the ratio of the unemployed to the labour force.

Labour force participation rate is the proportion of the labour force compared to the working age population.

Explanatory note on the labour market indicators

The headline labour force participation and employment rates are based on the population aged 15 to 64. Whereas, the headline unemployment rate is based on the economically active population (labour force) aged 15 and over. The employment and labour force participation rates for those aged 15 and over are affected by the inclusion of the retired population in the denominators and are therefore less meaningful than the rates for those aged from 15 to 64. However, for the unemployment rate for those aged 15 and over, the denominator for the unemployment rate is the economically active population which includes people in work or actively seeking and able to work. Therefore, this indicator is not affected by the retired population.

The quality of labour market statistics

The main labour market indicators are estimates based on the quarterly labour force survey. The survey is based on a probability sample of 7,935 households. The selection of households is made such as to insure as much as possible the accuracy of estimates for the main labour market indicators. Thus, from the survey are obtained estimates and not precise figures for the number of employed and unemployed. For each estimate obtained by the survey is calculated the generalised sampling variability in order to explore how the estimate would change if we were drawing different random samples with the same size and for the same period, instead of just one sample. This allows defining the range within which should lay the estimate (which in the statistical terminology is known as confidence interval).

In general, the lower the relative standard deviation of an estimate, the higher the accuracy level of that estimate. Table 4 below shows the relative standard deviation and the confidence interval for the main labour market indicators for the population aged 15+.

	Number of employed persons Age group: 15+	Employment rate as a percentage of the population Age group: 15+	Number of unemployed persons Age group: 15+	Unemployment rate as a percentage of labour force Age group: 15+		
ESTIMATE	1224926	51.85	165144	11.88		
CV	1.23	1.23	5.51	5.42		
SE	15024	0.64	9100	0.6		
CI *	(1195479-1254373)	(50.6-53.1)	(147308-182980)	(10.63-13.13)		

Tab. 4 Generalised sampling standard deviations for the main labour market indicators

The unemployment rate, for a 95 % confidence level, lies within the range of 10.63 % to 13.13 %, with a standard error of 0.57 %. The standard error for the proportion of population aged 15+ in employment is 0.64 % and for a 95 % confidence level, the estimate of employment rate is between the values 50.6 % to 53.1 %.